GC

TN-2002



EPA 8270C Analysis in Twenty Minutes

Introduction

Semivolatile organic compounds include a large number and variety of compounds with a multitude of physical properties. The need for monitoring semivolatile organic compounds arises from their toxic nature and associated environmental implications. The detection and identification of these compounds is regulated by the Environmental Protection Agency using EPA method 8270C. The large number of compounds (up to 150!) and the varying chemical properties of the analytes, (acid, base, neutral) present in a wide range of matrices significantly complicates the analysis. This application note demonstrates a method that will allow for separation and detection of 80 compounds in less than 20 minutes.

Experimental

Instrumentation:

Analysis was performed on a HP 6890 gas chromatograph equipped with a 5973 MSD and G2614A autosampler (Agilent Technologies, Palo Alto, California, USA) using HP Chemstation software (Version D.00.01) for data analysis. The GC column used was a Zebron ZB-5 30m x 0.25mm x 0.25µm. Carrier gas was UHP grade helium. Injector and MS transfer temperatures were 250°C and 310°C, respectively.

Sample Preparation:

The injected sample was prepared from a series of standards diluted in methylene chloride. An acid surrogate mixture and

base/neutral surrogate mixture (Cat. No. 31083 and 31082, respectively) were obtained from Restek (Bellefonte, PA). A benzidine standard (Cat. No. US-105N) was obtained from ULTRA Scientific (North Kingstown, RI). Standard solutions containing phenols (Cat. No. CLP-HC-A-R4), a base/neutral mixture (Cat. No CLP-HC-BN-R), and additional components (Cat. No. Z-014E-R7) were obtained from AccuStandard (New Haven, CT).

Chromatographic Conditions:

Column flow was constant at 2.5 mL/min. Injections were 2 µL and split 20:1. The oven program started at 40°C for 3 minutes then ramped to 70°C at 20°C/min then to 195°C at 16°C/min with a final ramp of 30°C/min to 335°C for 2.5 minutes.

Results

A complete chromatogram of the analysis of semi-volatile organic compounds is shown in Figure 1. This method allows determination of all compounds using a mass selective detector in under 20 minutes. Figures 2-5 show exploded views of the chromatogram in more detail with peak labels. The identity of the peaks can be determined by finding the corresponding peak number listed in Table 1. Compounds that are not fully resolved are likely to be resolved by a difference in mass units with which the ions are guantified. Chemical retention times and common quantitation ions are also listed in Table 1.

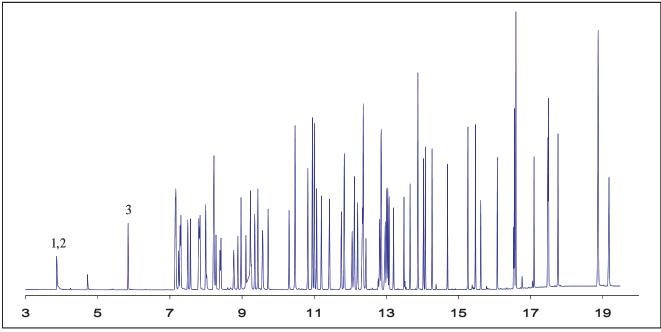


Figure 1. Complete chromatogram of EPA 8270C analysis. Labeled peaks are identified in Table 1.



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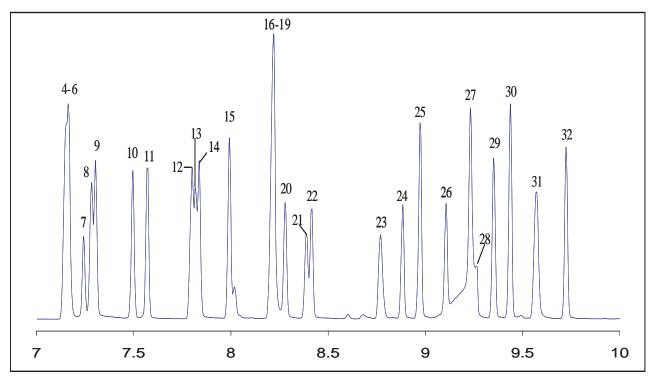
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Figure 2. Chromatogram from 7 to 10 minutes. Corresponding numbers in Table 1 lists compound names for peaks.

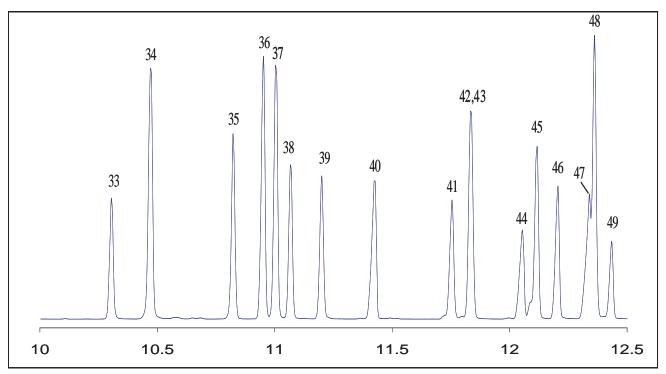


Figure 3. Chromatogram from 10 to 12.5 minutes. Compound names are listed in Table 1.

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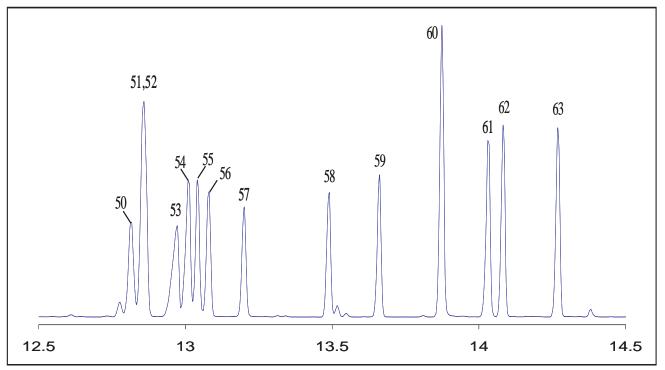


Figure 4. Chromatogram from 12.5 to 14.5 minutes. Compound names can be found next to corresponding numbers in Table 1.

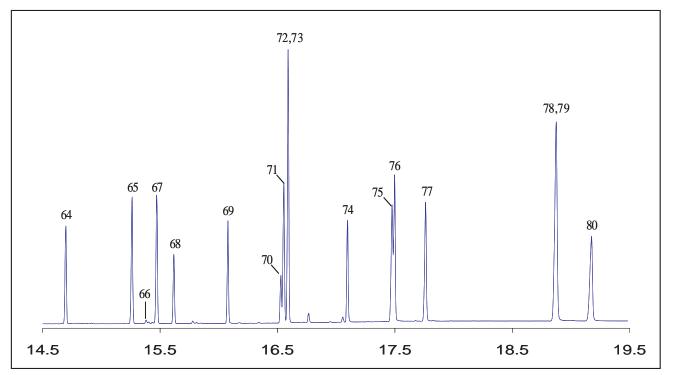


Figure 5. Chromatogram from 14.5 to 19.5 minutes. Peak identities are listed in Table 1.



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	TECHNIQUE:	APPLICATION NOTE:				
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Table 1. Compound list of chemicals included in this analysis	als included in this analysis.
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Peak #	Compound	Ret. Time	Quant. Ion	Peak #	Compound	Ret. Time	Quant. Ion
1	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	3.87	74	41	Dimethyl phthalate	11.75	163
2	Pyridine	3.87	79	42	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	11.83	165
3	2-Fluorophenol	5.85	112	43	Acenaphthylene	11.83	152
4	d6-Phenol	7.15	99	44	3-Nitroaniline	12.05	138
5	Aniline	7.16	93	45	Acenaphthene	12.11	153
6	Phenol	7.16	94	46	2,4-Dinitrophenol	12.20	184
7	bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	7.24	93	47	4-Nitrophenol	12.33	139
8	2-Chlorophenol-d4	7.28	132	48	Dibenzofuran	12.36	168
9	2-chlorophenol	7.31	128	49	1-Methyl-2,4-dinitrobenzene	12.43	165
10	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	7.50	146	50	Diethyl Phthalate	12.81	149
11	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	7.57	146	51	Fluorene	12.85	166
12	Benzyl Alcohol	7.80	79	52	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	12.87	20
13	1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4	7.82	150	53	4-Nitroaniline	12.96	138
14	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	7.84	146	54	2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	13.00	198
15	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	8.06	45	55	N-Nittrosodiphenylamine	13.04	169
16	o-Cresol	8.21	108	56	Azobenzene	13.08	77
17	p-Cresol	8.21	107	57	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	13.20	330
18	m-Cresol	8.21	108	58	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	13.49	248
19	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	8.23	70	59	Hexachlorobenzene	13.66	284
20	Hexachloroethane	8.28	201	60	Pentachlorophenol	13.87	266
21	Nitrobenzene-d5	8.39	82	61	Phenanthrene	14.03	178
22	Nitrobenzene	8.41	77	62	Anthracene	14.08	178
23	Isophorone	8.76	82	63	Carbazole	14.27	167
24	2-Nitrophenol	8.88	139	64	Dibutyl phthalate	14.70	149
25	2,4-Dimethylphenol	8.97	107	65	Fluoranthene	15.26	202
26	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	9.10	93	66	Benzidine	15.38	184
27	2,4-Dichlorophenol	9.23	162	67	Pyrene	15.47	202
28	Benzoic Acid	9.23	122	68	p-Terphenyl-d14	15.62	244
29	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	9.35	180	69	Benzyl butyl phthalate	16.08	149
30	Naphthalene	9.44	128	70	3, 3'-Dichlorobenzidine	16.53	252
31	4-Chloroaniline	9.57	127	71	Benzo[a]anthracene	16.56	228
32	Hexachlorobutadiene	9.72	225	72	Chrysene	16.59	228
33	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	10.30	107	73	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	16.59	149
34	2-Methyl naphthalene	10.47	142	74	Di-n-octyl phthalate	17.10	149
35	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10.82	237	75	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	17.47	252
36	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10.94	196	76	Benz[k]fluoroanthene	17.49	252
37	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	11.00	196	77	Benzo[a]pyrene	17.76	252
38	2-fluorobiphenyl	11.07	107	78	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	18.87	278
39	2-Chloronaphthalene	11.20	162	79	Indenol(1,2,3) pyrene	18.88	276
40	2-Nitroaniline	11.42	138	80	Dibenzo(g,h,i)pyrlene	19.17	276

Ordering Information

 Order Number
 Description

 7HG-G002-11
 ZB-5 - 30m x 0.25mm x 0.25µm

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